

**mGluR1 Antibody**  
**Rabbit mAb**  
**Catalog # AP91016****Specification**

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**mGluR1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q13255</a>
Reactivity	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
<b>Other Names</b>	
GRM1A; mGlu1; GPRC1A; MGLUR1; SCAR13; MGLUR1A;	
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	132357 Da

**mGluR1 Antibody - Additional Information**

Dilution	WB~~1:1000
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human mGluR1
Description	L-glutamate is the major excitatory neurotransmitter in the central nervous system and activates both ionotropic and metabotropic glutamate receptors. Glutamatergic neurotransmission is involved in most aspects of normal brain function and can be perturbed in many neuropathologic conditions. The metabotropic glutamate receptors are a family of G protein-coupled receptors, that have been divided into 3 groups on the basis of sequence homology, putative signal transduction mechanisms, and pharmacologic properties.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

**mGluR1 Antibody - Protein Information****Name** GRM1**Synonyms** GPRC1A, MGLUR1

### Function

G-protein coupled receptor for glutamate. Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of down-stream effectors. Signaling activates a phosphatidylinositol- calcium second messenger system. May participate in the central action of glutamate in the CNS, such as long-term potentiation in the hippocampus and long-term depression in the cerebellum (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24603153" target="\_blank">24603153</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28886343" target="\_blank">28886343</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7476890" target="\_blank">7476890</a>). May function in the light response in the retina (By similarity). Induces GRID1 and GRID2 cation-channel activation via GNAQ-PLC-PKC pathway in dopaminergic neurons and cerebellar Purkinje cell, respectively (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24357660" target="\_blank">24357660</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27276689" target="\_blank">27276689</a>).

### Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P97772}. Note=Located in dendrioles, small dendrites that makes up a brush structure found as the terminal specialization of a dendrite of a unipolar brush cell {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P97772}

### Tissue Location

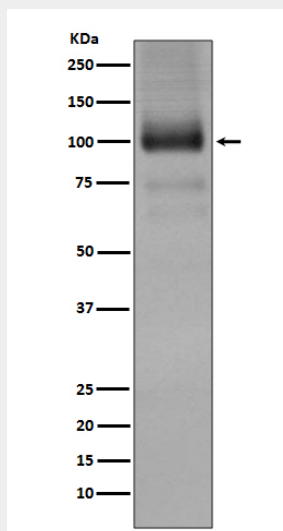
Detected in brain..

### mGluR1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### mGluR1 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of mGluR1 expression in Mouse brain lysate.